1 (April 3, 2006) 2 Section 8-01.3 is supplemented with the following: 3

## Treatment of pH for Concrete Work

Stormwater or dewatering water that has come in contact with concrete rubble, concrete pours, concrete grindings or cement treated soils shall be maintained between pH 6.5 and pH 8.5 before it is allowed to enter surface waters and discharges shall not cause a receiving water pH change of more than 0.2 pH units.

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The Contractor shall test runoff during each rain event causing runoff to leave the project site during concrete pouring, grinding, rubblizing activities, when soils are being treated with cement and during the first three storms following those activities. discharging directly to surface waters or to a storm sewer system, the Contractor shall test the pH of the water, as a first order of work, at the point of discharge, once the pour or grinding has begun for each shift, and periodically, as requested by the Engineer, thereafter. If a test indicates the pH is above 8.5, the Contractor shall immediately discontinue work and initiate treatment according to the plan to lower the pH.

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Unless specific measures are identified in the Special Provisions, the pH of water may be reduced by infiltration, dispersion in vegetation or compost, or by pumping to a sanitary sewer system. If water is pumped to the sanitary sewer, the Contractor shall provide, at no cost to the Contracting Agency, a copy of permits and requirements for placing the material into a sanitary sewer system prior to beginning the work.

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Work may resume, with treatment, once the pH of the treated material is between 6.5 and 8.5 or it can be demonstrated that the runoff will not reach surface waters.